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CVP1 Infrastructure & Traces

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Championship Value Prediction Infrastructure

• Value predictors can be characterized with :



 Contrarily to Branch Prediction, not predicting is *not equivalent* to mispredicting = not predicting is advised if value is unpredictable.

All predictors may not predict the same instructions. Metrics not conclusive w.r.t. performance

>Need an infrastructure *that provides cycles*, not just accuracy/coverage/MPKI

A Low Complexity Simulator for CVP

- Courtesy of Eric Rotenberg and Vinesh Srinivasan from NCSU.
- Finite-size instruction window (256).
- 16-wide frontend, perfect branch prediction.
- Dataflow-only constrained scheduling.
- Variable latency instructions (e.g., ALU vs. MUL)
- 3 levels of caches + main memory
 - 32KB 4-way, 2 cycles.
 - 1MB 8-way, 12-cycle
 - 8MB 16-way, 60-cycle
 - Main memory, 150-cycle
- Provides execution cycles to rank predictors using meaningful metric.



Simulator API for Contestants

• bool getPrediction() :

returns "true" if microarch. simulator should speculate based on the prediction for this instruction, "false" if it should not speculate based on the prediction for this instruction.
Also provides prediction.

• void updatePredictor() :

• Provides actual result and allows contestants to update their predictor non-speculatively.

Simulator API for Contestants

• Assume stride predictor :

getPrediction(PC X)	updatePredictor(PC X)	getPrediction(PC X)
Pred = LV0 + stride		Pred = LV1 + stride
getPrediction(PC X)	getPrediction(PC X)	updatePredictor(PC X)
Pred = LV0 + stride	Pred = LV0 + stride	

- Speculative update + fixup on misprediction in real pipeline.
- No pipeline flush in infrastructure, how do we enable this behavior?

Simulator API for Contestants

- bool getPrediction()
- void updatePredictor()
- void speculativeUpdate() :
 - If getPrediction() instructed the simulator to speculate, then speculativeUpdate() will reveal whether or not the predicted value is correct, immediately after getPrediction().
 - If getPrediction() instructed the simulator to NOT speculate, then this call will not have the correct value. The contestants must wait until the non-speculative updatePredictor() function to see whether or not the prediction was correct.

Simulator Flow - No misprediction



Simulator Flow - Value Misprediction (Z)



 No call to getPrediction() until all pending calls to updatePredictor() have been drained from window (= full pipe flush on value misprediction).

Workloads

- Public & Secret Traces :
 - SPEC'06/'17
 - Database-class
 - Crypto
 - >Workloads used to drive the design of state-of-the-art chips.
- Public (135 traces) :
 - 30M instructions.
- Secret (2013 traces) :
 - 100M instructions.
 - Superset of Public traces.

Program

8:30-8:40	Introduction and Welcome
8:40-8:50	CVP1 Infrastructure & Traces Arthur Perais (Qualcomm)
8:50-9:15	Exploring Value Prediction with the EVES predictor André Seznec (INRIA/IRISA, France)
9:15-9:40	H3VP: History-based High-reliable Hybrid Value Predictor Kenichi Koizumi, Kei Hiraki and Mary Inaba (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
9:40-10:05	Context-Base Computational Value Predictor with Value Compression Yasuo Ishii (ARM)
10:05-10:30	Break
10:30-10:55	DFCM++: Augmenting DFCM with Early Update and Data Dependency- driven Value Estimation <i>Nayan Deshmukh, Snehil Verma, Prakhar Agrawal, Biswabandan Panda, Mainak</i> <i>Chaudhuri (Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur)</i>
10:55-11:50	Panel Discussion: "Speculation: Past, Present and Future" Gurindar S. Sohi (Wisconsin-Madison), Avi Mendelson (Technion) Chris Wilkerson (Nvidia), Andreas Moshovos (Toronto), Daniel Jiménez (Texas A&M) Moderator: Rami Sheikh (Qualcomm)
11:50-12:00	Announcement of results and awards Arthur Perais and Rami Sheikh (Qualcomm)

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Thank you

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